



Cambridge Pre-U

PSYCHOLOGY

9773/01

Paper 1 Key Studies and Theories

For examination from 2020

SPECIMEN PAPER

1 hour 30 minutes



You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Section A: answer **all** questions.
- Section B: answer **one** question.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This specimen paper has been updated for assessments from 2020. The specimen questions and mark schemes remain the same. The layout and wording of the front covers have been updated to reflect the new Cambridge International branding and to make instructions clearer for candidates.

The specimen paper is for general illustrative purposes. Please see the syllabus for the relevant year of the examination for details of the current topics and studies.

This syllabus is regulated for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 3 Pre-U Certificate.

This document has **4** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

Section A

Answer **all** questions in this section.

- 1 From the Baron-Cohen et al. study on autism, why were participants given the choice of four responses rather than the original two? [2]
- 2 Summarise the main finding from the study by McGarrigle and Donaldson on 'naughty teddy' and suggest how this could be applied to the study by Samuel and Bryant. [4]
- 3 Explain the agentic theory of obedience to authority suggested by Milgram. [2]
- 4 For Haney, Banks and Zimbardo how does the 'dispositional hypothesis' differ from the 'situational hypothesis'? [2]
- 5 Suggest **two** ways in which Bandura, Ross and Ross in their study on aggression controlled situational variables. [2]
- 6 Why is it difficult to assess the validity of the case study method used by Freud on little Hans? [4]
- 7 Rosenhan suggests that failure to detect sanity may be due to a type two error. What is a type two error and why did it apply in this study? [2]
- 8 Outline Zillman's excitation transfer theory and give an example of how it may apply to slot machine gamblers. [4]
- 9 People with body dysmorphic disorder often try do-it-yourself surgery. From the article by Veale give **one** example of do-it-yourself surgery. [2]
- 10 (a) In the study by Rhodes on facial symmetry, recall how participants rated levels of attractiveness in experiment 1. [2]

(b) How would you decide about the reliability of this type of measure? [2]
- 11 Contrast the BOLD technique with arterial spin labelling as used in the perfusion functional MRI study by Wang et al. on stress. [2]
- 12 Dement and Kleitman looked at the relationship between eye movement and dreaming. What would you infer about the relationship between eye movement and dreaming from this study? [2]

Section B

Answer **either** Question 13 **or** Question 14 in this section.

- 13 (a)** Describe the relationship between theory and research on bystander behaviour. [10]
- (b)** Discuss the effectiveness of Piliavin, Rodin and Piliavin's research. [12]
- (c)** What ideas can you add to our understanding of bystander behaviour? Support your answer with examples. [6]
- 14 (a)** Describe theories of attachment including that by Hazan and Shaver. [10]
- (b)** Assess theories of attachment. [12]
- (c)** Suggest how our understanding of romantic love as attachment could be extended, using examples from further research and your own ideas. [6]

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